Committee(s):	Date(s):
Street and Walkways Sub Committee	11/Dec/2012
Projects Sub Committee	13/Dec/2012
Subject: Options Appraisal and Authority to Start Work (Gateway 3/4/5) – Heron Plaza S.278 (highway works)	Public
Report of:	For Decision
Director of the Department of the Built Environment	

Summary

Dashboard

Project Status: Green

• The project is approximately 30% of the way through it six year programme

Total Estimated Cost: Up to £810,103

Spend to Date: £19,800Overall Project Risk: Green

Context

On 11 January 2011 the Planning and Transportation Committee approved conditional planning permission to redevelop a site bounded by Houndsditch, Bishopsgate, Devonshire Row and Cavendish Court now referred to as Heron Plaza (previously Stone House and Staple Hall). The permitted development is a 43 storey hotel and residential tower. See Appendix 1 for the local area plan. At this meeting, Members instructed officers to complete any necessary agreements under Section 278 of the Highway Act 1980 (S278).

On 27 May 2011, the developer and the City signed an agreement under Section 106 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (S.106) stating that changes to the public highway around the site are required to be incorporated into a S278 agreement. This S.278 agreement is required to be signed before construction of Heron Plaza is permitted to start.

This report is an Options Appraisal and Authority to Start Work report (Gateways 3/4/5). A project of this nature (i.e. S278 agreement which is fully funded by the developer) would normally proceed to Authority to Start Work (Gateway 5) stage, but the developer has requested non standard materials. Therefore, options have been included in this report.

The required changes to the public highway include the enhancement of Houndsditch between Outwich Street and Bishopsgate. These changes would have been delivered as part the Heron Tower S.278(2) agreement for the adjacent development had it not been for Heron Plaza receiving planning permission. Heron Tower is immediately opposite the proposed Heron Plaza on Houndsditch (see appendix 2 for a flow chart detailing the relationship between the agreements for Heron Tower and Heron Plaza).

The developer, through the S.278 agreement, is required to pay the full cost of the project even if it is more than the estimated value of £810,103 (Option 3 estimated cost).

In addition, the S.278 agreement has provision for a deferred improvement works payment of £80,000 per year for the delaying of improvement works in Houndsditch. The developer was supposed to have implemented an improved Houndsditch in 2011, as required in the Heron Tower S.278(2), but the approval of the Heron Plaza development is delaying this. Approval from Members for the use of these funds will be progressed separately at a later date.

Brief description of project

The project is to plan, design and implement a highways layout that accommodates the new building whilst conforming to the City's design standards. This will be funded via a S.278 agreement.

The key desired outcomes of the project are to:

- Ensure there is a sufficient space for vehicles to pass those dropping off and picking up passengers within close proximity to the entrance to the Heron Plaza hotel:
- Ensure pedestrian movement in the area is safe and convenient;
- Deliver the physical changes in time for the occupation of the development;
 and
- Deliver an improved Houndsditch by introducing trees, seats, lights and improved materials. The design is largely based on that proposed under the Heron Tower S.278(2) agreement and subsequently the Heron Tower 278(2) variation agreement. These designs mitigated the impact of the Heron Tower development. Appendix 3 shows the original (S.278(2)) and interim designs (S.278(2) variation) that were agreed.

Options

The options estimated below are in regards to the choice of material for the carriageway of Houndsditch.

Table 1

Table 1			
	Option 1 –	Option 2 –	Option 3 –
Description	Asphalt	Asphalt /	Granite
-	only (£)	Granite (£)	only (£)
Total Funding Requirement	660,718	720,327	810,103
Funding Strategy			
Developer (S.278)	660,718	720,327	810,103

Further financial details are provided in table 2 (paragraphs 8: resources expended to date), table 3 (paragraph 20: funding strategy) and Appendix 4 (full breakdown of the estimated costs).

The three options presented include the developers preferred option (option 3) which is to use granite as material on the carriageway of Houndsditch.

The developer has agreed to fund the full cost of the scheme including the maintenance costs.

Maintenance costs for the trees have been estimated for a period of 20 years (£20,402).

Maintenance costs for granite used on the pedestrian cross-over of the vehicle access (in both option 2 and option 3) and the carriageway (option 3 only) have been calculated as being equivalent in value to it being replaced once during the life of the development (£24,000 for option 2, £67,500 for option 3).

Recommendations

Option recommended:

Option 3 for the choice of materials is recommended. This option requires the:

- Houndsditch carriageway to be surfaced in granite for aesthetics; and.
- The area entering the new vehicle service entrance to also be surfaced in granite setts to provide a contrasting colour and texture to improve safety.

Option 3 provides the most benefits when assessed against economic, social/cultural and environmental sustainability subject to the inclusion of the maintenance costs being funded by the developer (providing greater economic sustainability for the City) and the granite being locally sourced (providing a better environmental sustainability outcome). The granite carriageway in option 3 provides a higher aesthetic appeal (social/cultural sustainability) and therefore sets this option as the preferred option under this assessment method (the same method as was used in the Review of Materials in December 2010).

This option:

- is strongly preferred by the developer;
- reflects a previously agreed decision by Members (albeit prior to the Review of Materials in December 2010);
- will best reflect the high quality nature of the development; and
- will have negligible impact on traffic during construction and maintenance (see street works implications in paragraph 10).

In addition, it is recommended that the surface of the Houndsditch carriageway, between Outwich Street and Bishopsgate, be constructed at the same level as the footways (Option A in paragraph 10). This will create an environment that allows easy movement for the high number of people that will cross Houndsditch informally.

Appendix 5 shows the general arrangement drawing of the proposed changes including the options.

Next Steps

Should Members approve this scheme:

- 1. A Section 8 agreement (S.8) will be signed with Transport for London (TfL) permitting the City to implement the works on Bishopsgate, part of the Transport for London Road Network.
- 2. Prior to signing the S.278 agreement the following funds will be required from the developer:
 - The remainder of the evaluation and design payment (£44,704)
 - The deferred improvement works payments (£80,000 per year since summer 2011)
- 3. The S.278 agreement will be finalised (based on the approved option) and signed. Signing the agreement will remove one of the conditions necessary for the developer to commence construction. The S.278 agreement will include a statement that the City and TfL have a S.8 agreement in place.
- 4. Proposed changes to traffic orders (Houndsditch) will be advertised for public consultation. If objections are received, this will be reported to Members for

decision through an issues report.

5. The approved option for materials and carriageway surface level will be progressed into detailed design drawings and a new cost estimate will be undertaken prior to the requesting of the implementation funds from the developer.

Plans for consultation

There is a statutory requirement to consult in connection with the proposed change to traffic regulation orders on Houndsditch, and to consider consultation responses and other relevant considerations prior to making any orders.

Procurement strategy

The implementation works will be delivered by the City's highways term contractor.

Tolerances

A 20% cost tolerance has been included. All costs are to be funded by the developer including any in excess of the estimate should they be necessary. Therefore, it is recommended that the scheme should proceed with approval for budget variations above the 20% tolerance (and allowing for inflation) being delegated to the Chief Officer in consultation with the Chamberlain and Town Clerk. This will provide the City the best opportunity to deliver the project efficiently and meet the most important need of the developer, to ensure it is ready in time for occupation of the building.

The timing of the programme is the critical element of the project. The delivery of the scheme should not delay the opening and occupation of the building. The programme is very much aligned to the construction of the building and will need to fit with that programme. It is expected that should the timings of the highways work fall outside the acceptable programme for the occupation of the building then more resources (which add to the cost) will be made available to overcome this issue. Therefore it is proposed that, as long as the impacts of timeframes can be accommodated by the developer agreeing to necessary extra funds, the scheme will not be referred back to Members because of timeframe issues.

The quality and scope of the scheme is the component of the project that may need to be referred back to Members for a decision. This will occur if there are necessary material changes to the design of the scheme such that the scheme no longer provides the benefits to the public that are expected for this area.

Progress Reporting

Progress reporting on the project will reflect the streamlined route that this project is following by reporting to the Chief Officer. This will occur every 12 months prior to construction and then every 6 months.

<u>Overview</u>

1.	Evidence of Need	The proposed development of Heron Plaza requires changes to the public highway to accommodate the development.
2.	Success Criteria	This project will:
		 Deliver the highway works in time for the occupation of the buildings.
		Deliver a highway that is designed and implemented to a standard that the City is happy to adopt and maintain.
		3. Deliver the above without financial impact on the City.
3.	Project Scope and Exclusions	The works will be entirely on the public highway. This project does not include any works on the private land.
		The scope of the works is also constrained by the fact that there was previous approval for a scheme on Houndsditch for the Heron Tower development. There is an expectation that the outputs for this project should be broadly consistent with that agreed for the Heron Tower scheme in order to fit in with the improvements on the south side of Houndsditch.
		The project is considered separate from the Heron Plaza Security scheme which is still to be designed and if combined at this stage would delay the construction of the development. The outcomes of the Heron Plaza Security scheme are not clear yet, but will ideally be implemented at the same time as this scheme.
4.	Link to Strategic Aims	It will help provide modern, efficient, and high quality local services and policing within the Square Mile for workers, residents and visitors with a view to delivering sustainable outcomes. This will be achieved by enhancing the area around the new development in such a way as to ensure the development can function as it needs to.
		This project will help to support the City as the world leader in international finance and business services by facilitating the construction of the new hotel and residences that many businesses will be able to benefit from.
5.	Within which category does the project fit	4. Fully reimbursable
6.	What is the priority of the project?	A. Essential
7.	Governance arrangements	Experience from other projects of this nature is that a senior responsible officer, rather than a project board, is considered the most appropriate form of governance for this project.

8. Resources Expended To Date

The projected spend by the Committee meeting date is expected to be approximately:

Table 2

Table 2	Budget	Spend	Remaining
	(£)	(£)	(£)
Transportation & Public Realm Staff costs	24,100	18,200	5,900
(For project management and design)			
Highways Staff costs	2,000	500	1,500
(Cost estimates and design)			
Open Spaces Staff costs	400	100	300
(Trees costs and design)			
TfL	2,000	1,000	1,000
(for S8 agreement)			
Total	28,500	19,800	8,700

The City has received an initial payment for £28,500 as part of evaluation and design payment. It is estimated that the total evaluation and design costs will be £73,204. The remainder of the evaluation and design payment (£44,704) is required to be provided prior to signing the S.278 agreement.

If any funds remain from the evaluation and design payment, they will be applied towards the costs required to progress the scheme.

9. Results of stakeholder consultation to date

The access team have provided initial feedback stating that the ability for taxis to set down and pick up where there is a kerb makes it easier for wheelchair users to exit the vehicle. Therefore, to achieve this it would require a kerb either immediately outside the hotel entrance and/or the length of Houndsditch where such infrequent occurrences could still occur in close proximity to the Hotel entrance.

The developer has expressed a clear preference to have the carriageway paved with granite (options 3).

The developer has expressed a slight preference for a kerbed carriageway on Houndsditch.

TfL have given in-principle approval for the relocation of the pedestrian crossing on Outwich Street.

10. Commentary on the options considered

The main design options are:

- · Carriageway materials; and
- Carriageway level.

With regards to the carriageway materials, the three options are:

Option 1: Entirely asphalt.

Reasons: Asphalt is quicker to lay and maintain than granite.

Option 2: Asphalt for the Houndsditch carriageway. Granite for the entry to the vehicle servicing area.

Reasons: improved pedestrian safety at the entry to the vehicle servicing area due to colour and texture contrast.

Option 3: Entirely granite.

Reasons: requested by the developer to reflect high quality nature of the building and the clientele they are likely to attract, such as domestic and foreign dignitaries.

Granite was approved as part of the previously approved Heron Tower scheme, albeit prior to the Review of Materials in December 2010.

Appendix 6 assesses options 1-3 for economic, environmental and social/cultural sustainability which were the basis for the Review of Materials.

With regards to the carriageway level on Houndsditch, the two options are:

Option A:

Houndsditch carriageway and footways at the same level (i.e. level surface) between Outwich Street and Bishopsgate. There will be a kerb level difference immediately outside the hotel entrance to allow easy deployment and use of a wheelchair ramp from black cabs.

Reason: it will create an environment that allows easy movement across Houndsditch where many people will cross informally.

Option B:

The footway immediately outside the hotel to be level with the carriageway, with the rest of the carriageway and footway having a kerb level difference (i.e. kerbed).

Reason: it will allow the footway immediately outside the hotel to be level with the carriageway, thus being more convenient for hotel patrons.

The necessity to relocate the pedestrian crossing on Outwich Street means that many more people will cross Houndsditch informally when travelling between the pedestrian crossing and Liverpool Street Station. The low number of vehicles that will use Houndsditch will mean that the environment is conducive to pedestrians crossing informally.

It is recommended that the carriageway be level with the footway (Option A). This will benefit significantly more people, who will cross Houndsditch, compared to the small number of people that will access the hotel by motor vehicle. This recommended option is not the preference of the developer, who quite understandably would prefer an arrangement that prioritises the hotel patrons (Option B).

The decision on this element of the design is considered very straight forward and therefore no further analysis of these are necessary.

All options include the following:

- 1. Vehicle access into the service entrance.
- A wider section of carriageway outside the hotel entrance that will allow vehicles to move past any that are dropping off and picking up. CCTV will be in place to ensure that vehicles are not parking in this area.
- 3. Relocate the pedestrian crossing on Outwich Street.
- 4. Change the traffic order on Houndsditch to be one way with contraflow cycling permitted. Members had previously approved it to be a no motor vehicle zone (7am-7pm) with contraflow cycling permitted. The change will allow motor vehicles to use Houndsditch anytime, which is needed when dropping off and picking up passengers from the hotel.
- 5. Seven additional trees on Houndsditch.
- 6. Additional on-street cycle parking.
- 7. York stone footways. This project is within the Bishopsgate conservation area.

Appendix 5 shows the general arrangement drawing with the proposed changes, including the options.

Street works implications:

In order to implement the works Houndsditch will need to be closed. This will impact only a very small number of vehicles because the one way network of streets means that only vehicles accessing Heron Tower and Heron Plaza have any reason to use the affected section of Houndsditch.

The existence of a pipe subway containing all the utilities equipment under Houndsditch will significantly reduce any potential of utilities companies needing to work on the highway.

11. Consequences if project not approved

The development cannot start to be constructed without a S.278 agreement in place. The City's reputation will be damaged if we are seen as holding up the development.

Information Common to All Options

12. Key benefits	The options will provide the necessary changes to the highway to accommodate the Heron Plaza development and ensure that pedestrian movement continues to be safe and convenient. Improving Houndsditch to be a high quality area will help mitigate the large scale and nature of the adjacent developments.
13. Programme and key dates	The programme is dependent on the construction of the

	development and has broad milestones of:		
	Construction of the development commences 2013/2014;		
	Highway works commence in summer 2015;		
	Highway works and development completed in late 2016; and		
	Project closure in 2017/18 financial year.		
14. Constraints and assumptions	The programme is based on the developer's intention to start construction of the development in 2013/2014 and for it to take two years to construct. There is a need to implement the works in time for the completion and occupation of the development, which is currently anticipated to be in late 2016.		
	Should the programme for construction and occupation of the development change, the programme for the S.278 works will be adjusted accordingly.		
15. Risk implications	The options are rated as low risk.		
	Key risks:		
	 There are also reputational risks if the implementation of the public highway work delays the occupation of the building. This has been mitigated by the inclusion of some out of hours working costs in the estimate to ensure that a quick delivery of the scheme can be undertaken if necessary. 		
	 Costs risks to the City are considered low because the developer is paying the full cost of the project. There is also an "excess" clause in the S.278 agreement. 		
	3. There are reputational risks if the project increases in costs. These are being mitigated through good communication with the developer about costs including the assumptions used to get to the estimated costs and what they are made up of. For example, it is already stated in the drafted S.278 agreement that the inflation between now and the delivery of the project (at least two years) has not been included in the cost estimates and that the "excess" clause may be needed for this.		
	4. There is always a low risk that the developer will change the development in such a way that it requires changes to the agreed design for the public highway. This has been noted and if this was to occur, then a re-evaluation of the reduced benefit to the public should take place, similar to that undertaken for the Heron Tower S.278(2) variation agreement.		
16. Stakeholders and	External stakeholders:		
consultees	The developer - Heron		
	l		

	Concept public (for troffic and a changes)	
	General public (for traffic order changes)	
	Internal stakeholders:	
	 Highways in Dept of the Built Environment (DBE) – design and implementation 	
	Environmental Enhancement (DBE) - design	
	Open Spaces Department - trees	
	Road Safety Team – road safety audits	
	Access Team – design	
17. Legal implications	Section 278 of the Highways Act 1980 empowers a highway authority, if they are satisfied it will be of benefit to the public, enter into an agreement with a third party for the execution of works to the public highway at the third party's cost including maintenance.	
	The City has general powers to improve the highway under Section 62 of the Highways Act 1980. In carrying out its highway and traffic functions the City must have regard (inter alia) to its duty to assert and protect the rights of the public to use and enjoyment of the highway (S.130 Highways Act 1980); its duty to secure the expeditious, convenient and safe movement of traffic (having regard to the effect on amenities)(S.122 Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984); its duty to secure the efficient use of the road network avoiding congestion and disruption (S.16 Traffic Management Act 2004); and its duty in respect of the co-ordination of street works (S.91 New Roads and Street Works Act 1991).	
18. HR implications	none	
19. Benchmarks or comparative data	The works will be carried out by our term contractor (Riney) at competitively tendered rates.	
20. Funding strategy	The funds will be provided to the City in advance of them being needed. Due to the works not needing to be undertaken for a number of years, the payments will be in at least two phases:	
	 Evaluation & Design – Due prior to signing the S.278 	
	 Implementation & Maintenance – due within 21 days from request. 	
	The developer has already provided the City with £28,500 towards the evaluation and design of this scheme. Prior to the S.278 agreement being signed the remainder of the evaluation and design payment (£44,704) will be required to be paid to the City to bring it to the £73,204 budget required. These funds will allow the work on the detailed design to take place.	
	The developer has agreed to fund the full cost of the scheme including both the capital costs as well as the projected maintenance costs for the trees and granite.	

	Using July 2012 rates	these have b	peen estimate	ed as:
	Table 3			
		Option 1 - asphalt only (£)	Option 2 - asphalt /granite (£)	Option 3 – granite only (£)
	Evaluation & Design	73,204	73,204	73,204
	Implementation	567,112	602,721	648,997
	Sub Total	640,316	675,925	722,201
	Maintenance	20,402	44,402	87,902
	Grand Total	660,718	720,327	810,103
	Maintenance costs for the trees have been estimated for a period of 20 years (£20,402).			
	Maintenance costs for granite used on the pedestrian cross- over of the vehicle access (in both option 2 and option 3) and the carriageway (option 3 only) have been calculated as being equivalent in value to it being replaced once during the life of the development (£24,000 for option 2, £67,500 for option 3).			
	Further details of the above figures can be seen in appendix 4.			
21. Affordability	The project will be fully funded by the developer.			
22. Procurement approach	The highways term works.	contractor wil	ll be used to	deliver the

Options Appraisal Matrix See separate document. Appendices

Appendix 1	Local Area Plan
Appendix 2	Relationship with Heron Tower funds and design
Appendix 3	Original and Interim Houndsditch Designs
Appendix 4	Estimated Costs
Appendix 5	General Arrangement Plan Including Options
Appendix 6	Options assessment against sustainability criteria

Contact

Report Author	Jereme McKaskill
Email Address	jereme.mckaskill@cityoflondon.gov.uk
Telephone Number	020 7332 3580